## **Surgery Mini-OSCE 2018**

By Abdullah Nimer Corrected by Ola Al-Juneidi The patient is 50 years old lifelong smoker, presented with chronic cough and weight loss:

Mention the finding you see in this picture: Dilated veins in the right arm and chest

What is your diagnosis? Cancerous mass in the right lung



Explain how the condition caused this finding: Obstruction of the venous flow

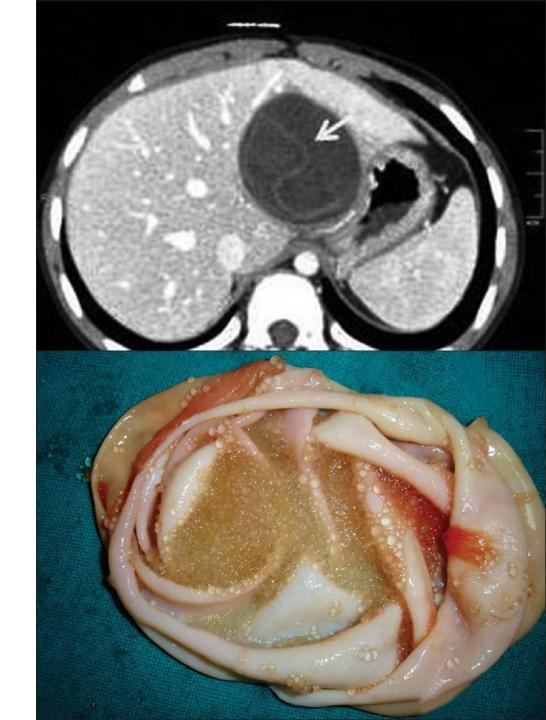


What type of imaging study is used here? Ultrasonography (U/S)

Mention two findings:

- A Stone
- Acoustic shadow
- Thickening of the gallbladder wall

- What is your diagnosis: Hydatid liver cyst
- What is the cause of Jaundice in such patient? Rupture of the cyst so a daughter cyst gets inside the CBD and causes obstruction OR
- Compression of the hepatic ducts/ CBD





Name this device:

Underwater Seal Drainage system/ Chest tube

What was the indication for its usage? Empyema

What is the most common cause of this problem? Para pneumonic effusion Mention two findings in this X-Ray: Absence of gas in the large bowel Double bubble sign

What is your diagnosis? Duodenal Atresia



The mass shown in the midline of the neck is most probably: A thyroglossal duct cyst

Mention one test to conform: Moves upwards with tongue protrusion.

What is the management for such condition? Surgical excision of the cyst



Give two complications of such a condition: Infection and abscess/

Increased risk of malignancy



Mention two findings: Chemosis/ Lid retraction/ PeriOrbital Edema -> Right eye

Most probably caused by: Orbital Cellulitis? You find this in the Right lower Quadrant of a patient who went total colon resection:

What does the picture show? End ileostomy

Mention two local Complications: Skin irritation Ischemia and Necrosis Prolapse/Retraction Bowel obstruction



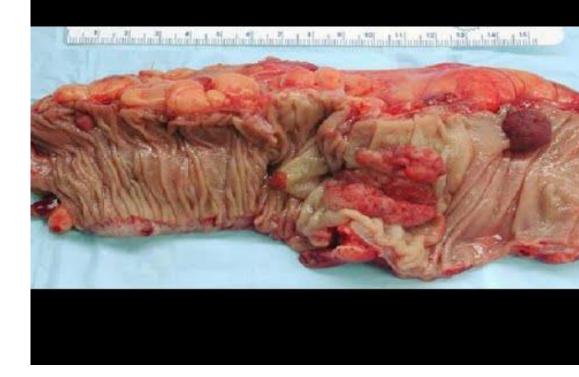


- What is the surgical condition?
- Neck abscess
- What is the name of procedure done in the picture?
- Packing with a gauze
- What is purpose of such an procedure?
- Open drain/ to maintain the structure

The patient underwent proctocolectomy:

Give two findings: Colon mass/polyps Loss of haustrations

What is your diagnosis? Colon CA



What is the condition shown in this picture? Pilonidal Sinus/ inflamed

What is the current treatment for such condition? Incision and drainage + Antibiotics



What is the definitive treatment? Excision of the sinus



Name this condition: Omphalocele

Mention two factors on which prognosis depends: The severity (size) of the defect Associated anomalies



What is the condition shown in the picture?

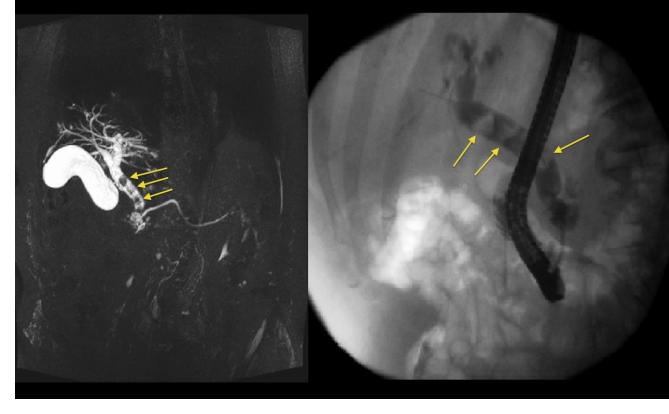
- **Imperforated Anus**
- Mention two clinical signs:

Anus opening is missing/ No passage of stool for a day or two after birth or passage of stool through another opening



Mention two clinical findings: Breast Edema (Peau de orange) Nipple retraction

What will be your next investigation? Mammography



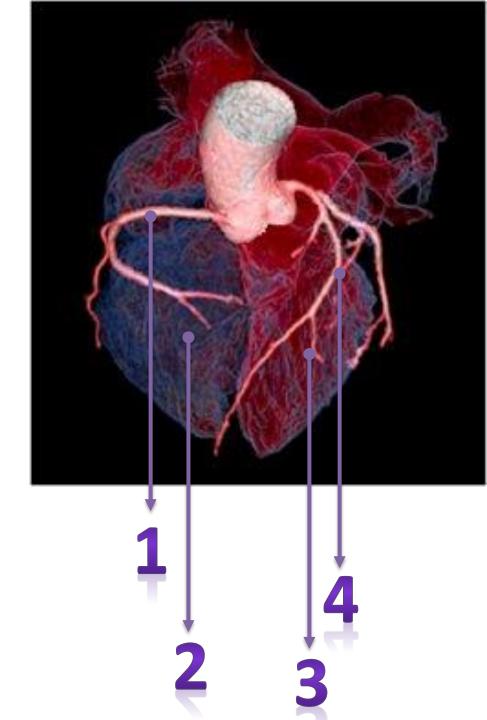
- Woman presented with RUQ pain, fever and Jaundice. A surgical procedure was done to relief her symptoms:
- What does the picture show?
- **MRCP- CBD stent**
- What is the most probable diagnosis?
- Ascending cholangitis
- What most probably caused this condition?
- Choledocholithiasis predisposed infection

Identify:

1- RCA

- 2- Right Ventricle
- **3- Diagonal Artery**

4- LAD





What is the degree of this burn? Third degree burn/ full thickness skin burn (eschar formation on the elbow)

Mention one serious complication of such condition: Joint contracture Mention the name of the test performed: Buerger's test/ Buerger's Angle

What is the finding? Pallor in the right foot (positive Buerger's test)

What is your diagnosis? Chronic limb ischemia/ PAD



A patient that was burnt on his chest 15 years ago presents to you with the following picture:

What is the finding shown in the picture? Malignant (Marjolin's) Ulcer

Mention two complications: Ulceration/ Metastasis of the tumour



Mention two findings you see in this picture: Swelling above the umbilicus/ Redness (erythema)

Diagnosis? Paraumblical Hernia

Give two complications of such condition: Inflammation/ Strangulation and Bowel obstruction/ Ischemia and Necrosis



